

第壹部份：單選題 (占 58 分)

一、詞彙與語法測驗 (占 16 分)

說明：第 1 題至第 8 題，每題有 4 個選項，其中只有一個是正確或最適當的選項，請畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 2 分。

1. The waiter _____ spilled coffee on the customer's shirt.
(A) equally (B) extremely (C) accidentally (D) normally
2. Paul got _____ ink on his shirt and couldn't get it off completely.
(A) permanent (B) handful (C) luxurious (D) essential
3. Veronica _____ a shooting star in the night sky. She immediately crossed her fingers and made a wish.
(A) caught a glimpse of (B) fired up
(C) took on (D) called for
4. The airplane will stop in several cities before reaching its final _____.
(A) adventure (B) destination (C) exception (D) evolution
5. If it _____ for your help, I would have lost my way in the mountains.
(A) did not (B) was not (C) had not been (D) were not
6. You cannot explain the experiment with this theory because it does not apply _____ every situation.
(A) for (B) to (C) in (D) on
7. The little girl was upset, and she ran away with tears _____ down her cheeks.
(A) rolled (B) to roll (C) rolling (D) roll
8. I wish that I _____ an eagle so that I could fly high in the sky.
(A) am (B) was (C) had been (D) were

二、綜合測驗 (占 16 分)

說明：第 9 題至第 24 題，每題一個空格，請依文意選出最適當的一個選項，請畫記在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 1 分。

The world-famous comedian Charlie Chaplin was born on April 16, 1889. His mother was working as a singer on the night shift in a theater. Before she went to work every day, she would ____9____ Charlie and his brother ____9____. She kept working to ____10____ her family even though she developed laryngitis in her late twenties. Gradually, her voice would crack in the middle of her singing performance. However, it was because of her rough voice ____11____ Charlie Chaplin made his first performance onstage.

One day, when the audience was ready to make fun of those ____12____ onstage, Charlie Chaplin's mother's voice went wrong again! The crowd started to boo her off the stage. In fact, not until his mother left the stage ____13____. To calm down the audience, the manager suggested that Chaplin ____14____ his mother for the rest of the show. After singing several songs onstage, Chaplin relaxed and became quite at

ease. He talked to the audience, danced, and even 15 some imitations of his mother. Not surprisingly, Chaplin's performance was 16 cheers and applause. That was exactly how Chaplin first appeared onstage and how a star was thus born.

9. (A) scare; away (B) tuck; in (C) give; break (D) leave; alone
10. (A) arise (B) rise (C) arouse (D) raise
11. (A) when (B) where (C) that (D) which
12. (A) performed (B) to perform (C) who performed (D) that performing
13. (A) did the noise stop (B) that the noise stopped
(C) that did the noise stop (D) that the noise did stop
14. (A) took the place of (B) replace
(C) in the place of (D) to replace
15. (A) acted (B) made (C) played (D) did
16. (A) brought about (B) based on (C) met with (D) made up of

Some children may feel nervous, uncomfortable, or even afraid when they are having their temperatures 17. Now, with the creative thermometer "So Sweet," children can enjoy a different experience. With its tip 18 in a sugary coating, the thermometer looks just like a lollipop. A child's temperature is successfully taken when this sweet coating completely melts in the mouth. 19 by two Taiwanese students, this thermometer just won the 2009 iF Concept Award, one of the prestigious competitions in the field of design.

Since 2003, amazing new designs like the thermometer have been honored each year to encourage new blood in this field. Over the years, the number of contestants in this competition 20 to increase. More and more young designers and graduates are devoting themselves 21 their design ideas in front of the international audience. Since winning an iF Concept Award proves a designer's gift and the quality of his/her design, it has become an excellent "starting line" for future designers when they begin their career.

To young designers, the experience of taking part in this competition 22. Because of the competition, they are given chance to 23 and bring convenience, better living experiences, and even new lifestyles to people. In the meanwhile, these designers are also showing the world that young and inexperienced 24 they are, they can still think of world-class ideas, if they use their imagination.

17. (A) take (B) taking (C) to take (D) taken
18. (A) wraps (B) wrapped (C) wrapping (D) wrap
19. (A) Designed (B) Designing
(C) Having Designed (D) Being designing
20. (A) have been continuing (B) has continued
(C) is being continuing (D) are continued
21. (A) to showing (B) for showing
(C) about showing (D) to show
22. (A) can be valuable enough (B) can't be too valuable to
(C) can't be too valuable (D) can be too valuable
23. (A) put their ideas into practice (B) take on their ideas
(C) push up for ideas (D) rely on their ideas
24. (A) although (B) since (C) for (D) as

三、文意選填（占 8 分）

說明：第 25 題至第 32 題，每題一個空格，請依文意在文章後所提供的 (A) 到 (BD) 選項中分別選出最適當者，並將其英文字母代號標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 1 分。

Andrew Carnegie, born in 1835 in Scotland, came to the US when he was 13. Through a 25 of hard work, he became known as one of “America’s builders.” He not only built a business empire, but used his enormous 26 to improve the lives of others. He is remembered today as one of the greatest philanthropists in history.

Soon after he arrived in the US, Carnegie got a job with Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He worked his way up to a 27 position, and then left to start his own business. His steel company 28 the metal processing industry. By controlling every step of production, he was able to maximize 29, which made him extremely wealthy.

Then, in a surprising 30, Carnegie sold his successful company to spend his time and money helping others. By the time he died, 18 years selling Carnegie Steel, he had put US\$350 million toward 31. Some may wonder why Carnegie would want to earn so much money just to give most of it away. In an 1889 article titled “Wealth,” he 32 that it is disgraceful to die rich. Furthermore, he focused his generosity on bringing education and peace to the world. The man truly believed he had the power, and more importantly, the duty to help society. Today, Andrew Carnegie’s name lives on a symbol of a spirit of philanthropy.

- | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| (A) declared | (B) revolutionized | (C) fortune | (D) charity |
| (E) move | (AB) lifetime | (AC) profit | (AD) prominent |

四、閱讀測驗（占 18 分）

說明：第 33 題至第 41 題，每題請分別根據各篇文章選出最適當的一個選項，標示在答案卡之「選擇題答案區」。各題答對者，得 2 分。

第 33 至 35 題為題組

Brothers like few things more than competing against one another, even after they’ve grown up. Tom and Henry Herbert, stars of TLC’s *The Fabulous Baker Brothers*, are no exception. Tom runs a bakery that their family opened in Gloucestershire in the 1920s. Henry, the younger brother, is a butcher and chef right next door. Baking is in these boys’ blood.

When the Herberts kindly put aside their differences, the results are delicious, made-from-scratch dishes. Nearly all of their dishes call for some kind of bread, a task Tom tackles. Henry, whom Tom calls “a meat-head,” provides his expertise with beef, pork, and all kinds of poultry. Of course, they can’t stand to cooperate and play nice for too long.

The baker brothers fire up their rivalry with a “pie war” in each episode. Whoever makes the tastier pie earns a point, and they keep track of their scores over the course of the season. Furthermore, every episode features a unique contest with specific requirements, including making pies for triathlon athletes, female hair-stylists or making low-cost pies for jobless college students. These two brothers take a lot of pride in their pies, but only one can come out on top. No matter what, their creative competition is funny, interesting

and will definitely make you hungry for more.

—Adapted from “The Fabulous Baker Brothers,” “English 4U, November 2013”

33. The passage is mainly about _____.
- (A) a cooking competition show on TV
 - (B) how to make a tasty pie for families
 - (C) two brothers making pies for a living
 - (D) strategies for running a bakery successfully
34. According to the passage, which of the following statements about the Herbert brothers is **NOT** true?
- (A) The two brothers run different stores on the same street.
 - (B) The younger brother is skilled at baking just like his brother.
 - (C) The older brother inherits their family’s bakery.
 - (D) The two brothers enjoy each other’s company at work.
35. According to the passage, which of the following statements about “pie war” is true?
- (A) Tom and Henry would cast the pies they make at each other at the end of the show.
 - (B) Tom and Henry are asked to make a special pie for specific people in each episode.
 - (C) Tom is always the winner in every cooking battle since he is an excellent baker.
 - (D) As long as their pies taste equally delicious, the two brothers can rank No. 1 at the same time.

第 36 至 38 題為題組

After a terrible catastrophe, North America turned into a devastated continent. Then, a new country rose from the ashes: Panem. There are 13 districts in Panem, but the strongest one is the Capitol, which rules the other 12 districts. Those 12 districts are home to rebels who launched a war against the Capitol’s unfair governance. As punishment, the Capitol requires the other districts to enter two teenagers, one boy and one girl, into a survival game where anything goes—including killing. This brutal game is an annual event called the Hunger Games, and is even broadcast in order to crush any remaining will to rebel.

Yet, the winners from the annual games are also rewarded by the Capitol. They are given a good chunk of money and a home to escape from poverty. Katniss Everdeen and a boy, Peeta Mellark, were the winners of the 74 Hunger Games. They thought they could live a stable life in the future. However, the Capitol announces that the 75th Hunger Games will be a special event. It will gather the winners from previous years to return to the vicious game. This forces Katniss and Peeta to fight again.

The film *The Hunger Games: Catching Fire* is based on the book *Catching Fire* by Suzanne Collins, which is the second part of the popular *The Hunger Games* trilogy of novels. When the first film adaptation was released in 2012, it became a hit. The filmmaker Lions Gate Entertainment hopes the sequel will take viewers back to the dark empire ruled by the Capitol to relive Katniss’s life and death struggle.

The story of *The Hunger Games* presents a metaphor about the modern world. In the story and the real world, a small number of people control the majority of the world’s resources. This situation creates a wide gap between the rich and the poor, and most people are in poverty and must struggle to make a living. In *The Hunger Games* movies, the competitors’ difficulties are similar to what we face: either do anything to survive or insist to keep our humanity. Katniss and Peeta, who never give up their humanity while struggling for survival, also inspire us to stand up against any tyrants to bravely bring goodness back to the world.

—Adapted from the text “The Hunger Games: Catching Fire,” “English 4U, November 2013”

36. You can probably read this passage on _____.
- (A) a world-famous travel guide
 - (B) an international business weekly
 - (C) the entertainment section of newspapers
 - (D) a website sharing film plot summaries and reviews
37. According to the passage, which of the following statements about the Hunger Games is **NOT** true?
- (A) Contestants, including 12 boys and 12 girls, struggle to survive in the Hunger Games.
 - (B) The games are broadcast live so that people in different districts can watch them simultaneously.
 - (C) Winners from the previous years are given a lot of food and necessities to live on their lives.
 - (D) Much more contestants are forced to join the 75th Hunger Games under orders from the Capitol.
38. According to the passage, it can be inferred that _____
- (A) Apart from *Catching Fire*, we have a chance to see another sequel of the Hunger Games.
 - (B) Capitol, the strongest district in Panem, refers to Washington D.C. in modern North America.
 - (C) the rich and the poor control the world's resources together fairly and peacefully.
 - (D) To keep their humanity, Katniss and Peeta never kill a guy in the story.

第 39 至 41 題為題組

Junk art is a type of art that began in the 1960s. It is very special, since it involves creating art from garbage and waste. The junk art movement has become extremely popular due to its great creativity. Junk artists have used pipes to decorate mirrors and turned car parts into sculptures. In addition, there are millions of ideas waiting to be discovered.

Perhaps the best thing about junk art is that anyone can create it. For those who are unable to afford expensive art materials, junk art helps them satisfy their urge to create. Jimmy Dunmore, a 55-year-old high school custodian from South Carolina, U.S.A., was a quite man who no one ever noticed. That changed on the day he came to the school with a model of a ship he had made from rope, wood and other waste. He had also made other pieces like a truck from matchsticks, lamps from glass bottles, a bed for baby from thrown-away wood, and other pieces of art made only from "garbage."

Today, both art departments in colleges and art experts around the world have recognized junk art as a new art form, and several junk art exhibitions have honored great junk artists. Many people believe that finding beauty in a pile of garbage and turning trash into treasure can be as much a form of art as oil painting. Most of all, junk art shows us the exact opposite side while we usually see an object having lost its worth over time, and this makes junk art an art form that will always push the limits of creativity.

39. What is the main idea of this article?
- (A) the history of the junk art movement
 - (B) the worth and advantages of junk art
 - (C) how to become a good junk artist
 - (D) the importance of making use of garbage
40. According to the passage, which of the following statements about junk art is true?
- (A) It involves creating art from garbage and waste.
 - (B) Most people are not able to afford materials for it.

(C) There is a limited amount of materials for junk artists to choose.

(D) It is an art movement that began in the 1980s.

41. According to the article, a junk artist _____.

(A) will never have an exhibition or be recognized.

(B) pays lots of money for expensive art materials like paint.

(C) makes use of garbage and waste and sells these things at a high price.

(D) must have extraordinary creativity and a great imagination.

第貳部分：非選擇題 (占 42 分)

一、文意字彙 (占 20 分)

說明：1. 依據題意及字首字尾提示，寫出完整的單字在「答案卷」上。
2. 請依序作答。每題 2 分，共 20 分。

1. Running a red light is against the city's traffic r_____ns.

2. About 70 p_____t of the earth's surface is covered with water.

3. Jane had a t_____t for music and was able to write songs at the age of 8.

4. Irene is singing a love song, and she is a_____ied on the guitar by Tim.

5. The company was fined heavily for e_____ting the advantages of its products.

6. Shaking hands with his favorite movie star last month was a m_____e experience for Ricky.

7. In the documentary, President Gore c_____yed an important message about global warming to the viewers.

8. The manager was not satisfied with the plan because it didn't offer anything new. He wanted i_____e ideas for the new product.

9. Even though I am Patrick's best friend, I have no right to i_____e in his private life and decide what he should do.

10. The artist's paintings were well p_____ed in this museum. Today, they still attract many people to appreciate their beauty.

二、句子合併或改寫 (占 6 分)

說明：1. 依各題提示改寫或合併句子，並將答案寫在「答案卷」上。
2. 請依序作答。每題 2 分，共 6 分。

1. It is impossible to know how the forest fire started.

(用 “**There is no V-ing....** ” 開頭改寫)

2. Not until Jack had shown me the proof did I finally believe what he had said.

(用 “**It was not until....**” 開頭改寫)

3. { Robin was confused about the math homework.
He asked his classmate for help.

(用 “Adj...., S+V....” 開頭改寫)

三、填空式翻譯 (占 16 分)

說明：1. 請依據題目文意，將適當的答案填入空格，並將答案寫在「答案卷」上。

2. 請注意每格答案只有一個「單字」，若有提示字首字尾需完整寫出。每格 1 分，共 16 分。

1. 一個人在追求他的夢想時，再怎麼勇敢也不為過。

One ___(1)___ never be ___(2)___ brave ___(3)___ pursuing his/her dream.

2. Daniel 因為酒駕發出車禍。我多希望他當初沒有喝酒。

Daniel had a car crash due to drunken-driving. I wish that he ___(4)___ not ___(5)___.

3. 我爸爸一直想把 Susan 介紹給我。碰巧的是，我們上週在一個研討會上就碰過面了。

My dad has been eager to ___(6)___ Susan to me. By ___(7)___, we just met each other in a seminar last week.

4. 因為政府的全力支持，越來越多年輕設計師有機會參加國際競賽。

Because of the ___(8)___'s full support, more and more young designers have the ___(9)___ to p___(10)___ in international ___(11)___s.

5. Sarah 要求她女兒 一到達飯店，就馬上打電話給她。

___(12)___ ___(13)___ ___(14)___ the hotel, Sarah asked her daughter to call her right away.

6. Ron 直到父母責備他時才明白他的行為有多荒唐。

Ron ___(15)___ realize how ___(16)___ his behavior was until his parents scolded him.

二年_____班_____號 姓名：_____

第貳部分：非選擇題 (占 42 分)

一、文意字彙 (占 20 分，每題 2 分)

01	regulations	02	percent	03	talent	04	accompanied	05	exaggerating
06	memorable	07	conveyed	08	innovative	09	interfere	10	preserved

二、句子合併或改寫 (占 6 分，每題 2 分)

1. There is no **knowing how** the forest fire started.
2. It was not *until Jack had shown me the proof* **that** I finally **believed** what he had said.
3. **Confused** about the math homework, **Robin** asked his classmate for help.

三、填空式翻譯 (占 16 分，每格 1 分)

01	can	02	too	03	when	04	had
05	drunk	06	introduce	07	coincidence	08	government
09	opportunity / chance	10	participate	11	competitions	12	On / Upon
13	arriving	14	at	15	didn't	16	ridiculous

一、詞彙與語法

1~8 CAAB CBCD

二、綜合測驗

9~16 BDCC ABDC

17~24 DBAB ACAD

三、文意選填

25~28 (AB) C (AD) B

29~32 (AC) E D A

四、閱讀測驗 33~35 ADB

36~38 DCA

39~41 BAD