**國立台東高中107學年度 第2學期 期末考 高三英文科試卷**

**適用班級：301～309 【答案卡+答案卷】**

**第壹部分：選擇題(佔72分)**

**一、詞彙(共16分,每題2分)**

1. Lots of women believe that diamond symbolizes \_\_\_\_\_ and that a diamond ring guarantees an everlasting marriage.

(A)eternity (B)triumph (C)statue (D)jewelry

2. Caitlyn always puts a(n)\_\_\_\_\_ on whoever disagrees with her, hoping misfortune befalls them.

(A)curse (B)mist (C)arrow (D)tag

3. For the chemical balance of soil, it’s not advisable to sow a field with the same crop more than two years in \_\_\_\_\_.

(A)vacancy (B)substitution (C)succession (D)thesis

4. The fact that Jason used to be a rock singer has nothing to do with his ability as a legislator. These two matters are \_\_\_\_\_.

(A)pathetic (B)incredulous (C)deceptive (D)irrelevant

5. Ashley thinks gossip magazines are nothing but \_\_\_\_\_, and that she doesn’t want to spend any time reading them.

(A)rubbish (B)coffin (C)strain (D)purity

6. Hannah is a bookworm. Every time I see her, she \_\_\_\_\_ her head in books.

(A)grants (B)erects (C)buries (D)invades

7. Lisa led her guests to climb the \_\_\_\_\_ to the third floor for the fantastic view from the balcony.

(A)doorway (B)burial (C)chamber (D)staircase

8. As one of the school cheerleaders, Angela follows a(n)\_\_\_\_\_ exercise routine to get in shape.

(A)extensive (B)ultimate (C)rigorous (D)terminal

**二、綜合測驗(共20分,每題2分)**

**第9題至18題為題組**

Times have changed. With rocketing rates of unemployment and shrinking job vacancies constantly hitting the headlines, more college grads either choose to put off receiving their diploma or \_\_9\_\_ by going to graduate school. \_\_10\_\_, there is no better timing to look for a job, for economic downturn has long been lasting. The future still looks \_\_11\_\_. Nonetheless, don’t let the \_\_12\_\_ get you down. Great things come in times of \_\_13\_\_. First, stepping out of the comfort zone and doing things in new ways will make a difference. Second, besides innovation, success also \_\_14\_\_ your willingness to work hard. There is no substitute \_\_15\_\_ hard work and constant preparation. Third, at such a time \_\_16\_\_ technology has made knowledge and information change with each passing day, prepare yourself to be a lifelong learner and critical thinker. Walk out into the unknown and see what happens; explore the world by \_\_17\_\_ your footprints on different lands. Finally, cherish and \_\_18\_\_ the pride and confidence in the faces of your family members who have helped you along the way. Be grateful for their trust and give it your all to honor it.

9. (A) come about (B) take it seriously (C) bail themselves out (D) take the easy way out

10. (A) For example (B) Therefore (C) Quite the contrary (D) Similarly

11. (A) discouraged (B) irrelevant (C) extensive (D) bleak

12. (A) status quo (B) thesis (C) suitcase (D) chest

13. (A) institution (B) plight (C) succession (D) alley

14. (A) comes about (B) bails out (C) logs onto (D) comes down to

15. (A) for (B) with (C) to (D) through

16. (A) whereas (B) where (C) when (D) what

17. (A) cataloging (B) commencing (C) charting (D) chipping

18. (A) take (B) have (C) fill (D) appreciate

**三、文意選填(共16分,每題2分)**

**第19題至26題為題組**

The Great Pyramid is the largest of the famous pyramids \_\_19\_\_ outside Cairo in Egypt. It was built over 4,500 years ago by the Pharaoh Khufu. Basically, pyramids are the architectures \_\_20\_\_ Egyptian pharaohs and their families were placed after they died. Khufu’s pyramid was so huge that it took over 20 years to build.

There are several theories about who built the pyramid. It was firstly believed that Khufu\_\_21\_\_ foreign workers to build it. Another popular belief was that the Great Pyramid was built by aliens, though some considered it nonsense. Recently, someone\_\_22\_\_ that the ordinary people of ancient Egypt might have built it, and they were all paid for their work.

The Great Pyramid \_\_23\_\_ about two million great blocks of stone. Inside it, there are complicated passages leading to different chambers. The Great Pyramid had remained the world’s tallest building for more than 3,800 years.

Even today, the greatest of the pyramids still \_\_24\_\_ millions of visitors annually. Despite the curse that anyone disturbing the tomb would be punished, tourists still\_\_25\_\_ to wonder at the astonishing building still standing after thousands of years. As they look up, they will understand the old Arab\_\_26\_\_ which says, “Man fears time, but time fears the Pyramids.”

1. assumed (B)attracts (C)proverb (D)where

(E) flock (AB)consists of (AC)located (AD)forced

**四、閱讀測驗(共20分,每題2分)**

**第27題至31題為題組**

The tradition of wearing a special gown (長袍) and cap dates back to the Middle Ages. At that time, there was no heater in European schools so people needed long gowns to wrap up well.

In the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, both teachers and students began to wear special gowns for graduation. At first, these gowns often resembled the robes worn by people of the church, since many scholars in those days were also **priests**. In the 1800s, different colored gowns began to be used to represent different fields of study. There was a system in colleges in the U.S. Green, for example, was used for the field of medicine because it was the color of the herbs. Dark blue was used for someone who was a doctor of philosophy (PhD).

Today, you can tell the degree a student has earned by the shape and size of his or her gown. A gown for someone with a bachelor’s degree has pointed sleeves but no hood. Long sleeves with a narrow hood are used for a master’s degree, and bell-shaped sleeves with a wide hood represent a doctor’s degree.

Caps match the colors of the gowns, but only people with a PhD can wear a velvet (天鵝絨) one. Everyone else must wear the hard, square graduation hat that is also known as a “mortarboard.” Some believe its four sides represent the four foundations of a classic education: astronomy, mathematics, music, and theology. Mortarboards also have pieces of string attached to the center of the cap.

Many people agree: for something as special as graduation, it makes sense that a special cap and gown should be worn.

27. During the Middle Ages, graduation gowns were worn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) to get blessings

(B) to keep people focused

(C) to keep people warm

(D) to make people feel special

28. The word “**priest**” in the second paragraph means a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ person.

(A) religious

(B) trendy

(C) serious

(D) scientific

29. In the 1800s, a green gown was worn by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) a medical school student

(B) a business school student

(C) a law school student

(D) every student

30.Which of the following concerning modern graduation outfit is **NOT** true?

(A) The four sides of the graduation cap symbolize the four foundations of education.

(B) The color of the cap doesn’t have to match that of the gown.

(C) Only graduates with a PhD can wear a velvet cap.

(D) A graduate with a master’s degree wears long sleeves with a narrow hood at graduation ceremonies.

31. This article is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

(A) the development of schools

(B) the color of the graduation gown

(C) students in the Middle Ages

(D) a brief history of graduation cap and gown

**第32題至36題為題組**

What would you do if you only had a few months to live? Randy Pausch, a computer science professor at Carnegie Mellon University, faced that question when he learned he had terminal cancer. Months after Pausch’s diagnosis, he was invited to give a talk for Carnegie Mellon’s “Last Lecture” series. When it was time to deliver the speech, Pausch knew that it really would be his last lecture.

Pausch gave an optimistic and humorous speech called “The Last Lecture: Really Achieving Your Childhood Dreams.” From the beginning, he made it clear he would not discuss his cancer, but rather wished to convey life’s most important lessons. He started by sharing his childhood dreams, including being a Disney “imagineer” and playing professional football. “The keys to achieving your dreams,” Pausch said, “are to work hard, to be prepared when luck strikes, and to know that you can’t get by doing it alone.” Pausch stressed that it’s just as rewarding to enable the dreams of others. As a professor, Pausch impacted many students’ lives, aiding them in their paths toward success. The repeated theme of Pausch’s presentation was an image of a brick wall. It’s there for a reason, he explained. Obstacles let us prove how badly we want something.

The response to Pausch’s speech was enormously positive. A video of “The Last Lecture” was viewed by millions of people on YouTube. After the lecture **went viral**, Pausch was invited to practice with the Pittsburgh Steelers, fulfilling a childhood dream. He published a book that remained on *The New York Times* bestseller list for 112 weeks. Pausch has inspired many to live the best life possible, though his original goal was to inspire his three young children. Knowing that his lecture would live longer than him, Pausch made it to give his children the best advice he had.

32. What is the main idea of this passage?

(A) How a good speech can change a person’s life.

(B) Childhood dreams have a lot to do with one’s future achievement.

(C) Randy Pausch became rich because of what he said in a speech.

(D) “The Last Lecture” by Randy Pausch inspired people to live better.

33.What is the metaphor Randy Pausch use for obstacles in life?

(A) A type of cancer.

(B) A Disney cartoon character.

(C) A wall made of bricks.

(D) A competitive football game.

34. Which of the following was **NOT** mentioned by Randy Pausch as one key factor

to achieve dreams?

(A) To put efforts.

(B) To help others realize dreams.

(C) To be prepared.

(D) To work with other people.

35.What is close in the meaning of “**went viral**” in the third paragraph?

(A) To broadcast globally.

(B) To be removed.

(C) To spread rapidly.

(D) To be awarded.

36. Which of the following statements is **INCORRECT**?

(A) Pausch offered to give the speech without knowing that he had cancer.

(B) Everyone can listen to Pausch’s final words of advice anytime anywhere now.

(C) Pausch dreamed of being a sports player when he was still young.

(D) One of his books stayed in the bestseller list for more than 2 years.

**第貳部分：非選擇題(佔28分)**

**一、中譯英(8分)**

1. 昨天，我一看見我喜歡的女生，就雙腿發軟說不出話來。(No sooner…)
2. 要是我有勇氣跟那女生說話就好了，我就不會一直被同學嘲笑。(If only…)

**二、英文作文(20分)**

說明︰1.依提示在「答案卷」上寫一篇英文作文。  
2.文長至少120個單詞(words)。

提示：你可能曾經和朋友共享過美好時光，或曾經和朋友共同度過困境。你曾在什麼情況下，感受到朋友情誼的美好，讓你難以忘懷？請以此為主題，寫一篇英文作文，文長至少120個單詞。文分2段，第一段說明朋友對你的意義為何，第二段則描述某個讓你體會到友情的意義的情境或事件。

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