

作答方式：■答案卡 ■答案卷

適用班級：101~108 班

一、文法：10%

1. The bakery \_\_\_\_\_ Linda loves is next to the convenience store.  
(A) which (B) what (C) whom (D) it
2. Jackson \_\_\_\_\_ I trust a lot, is a good friend of mine.  
(A) that (B) which (C) , whom (D) who
3. Half a million people in Brazil were infected \_\_\_\_\_ the Zika virus in 2015.  
(A) of (B) with (C) at (D) on
4. When Peter's parents were away, he \_\_\_\_\_ his brother clean his room.  
(A) did (B) got (C) had (D) asked
5. All of today's trains have been canceled \_\_\_\_\_ the terrible earthquake.  
(A) because (B) because of (C) except (D) except for
6. \_\_\_\_\_ the latest study, a large percentage of senior high students in Taiwan are nearsighted.  
(A) According to (B) As for (C) Along with (D) As long as
7. The risk of smoking can be \_\_\_\_\_ greater than imagined if you have a weak heart.  
(A) very (B) so (C) far (D) really
8. Since we are running out of soy sauce, my father ask me to buy some \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) nearly (B) near (C) nowhere (D) nearby
9. Carrisa went from one store to \_\_\_\_\_ to look for a beautiful dress for her best friend's wedding.  
(A) other (B) others (C) the other (D) another
10. The war has lasted for several months. All the people truly hope \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) that it will end soon (B) the war to end soon  
(C) to have been ended the war (D) when it will end

二、克漏字：10%

(A)

Dogs are special animals. They are more than just pets. Their excellent 11. of smell also makes them wonderful at detecting just about anything. 12. this reason, they are often kept as sniffer dogs. These super smellers help police or airport staff find items like drugs or weapons.

Have you ever seen sniffer dogs sniffing at travelers' luggage? If they pick up any strange smell coming from someone's suitcase, they simply sit down 13. it. They're so well-trained that they 14. move 14. their trainer or owner allows them to. Sniffer dogs have even been used to detect disease in plants. By sniffing out trees 15. root rot disease, they are helping to save forests and parks across Taiwan.

- |                 |                |               |           |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------|
| 11. (A) feeling | (B) conscience | (C) authority | (D) sense |
| 12. (A) For     | (B) On         | (C) With      | (D) To    |
| 13. (A) beside  | (B) next       | (C) besides   | (D) close |

14. (A) will; until (B) will; since (C) won't; until (D) won't; since  
 15. (A) in (B) from (C) to (D) with

(B)

Tainan is a city full of history and culture. It used to be the capital of Taiwan and has temples, art, and 16 landmarks for visitors to enjoy. You might start with a visit to the Confucian Temple Cultural Park. It has been a place of learning 17 the seventeenth century. Inside the gift shop, there's a statue of Confucius. It's a fun tradition to rub the statue's hands, as it's believed that some of Confucius' 18 might pass on to you. Another great place to visit is the Tainan Art Museum. It was built in 1931 and has many works of art by local artists 19 display. Don't forget to explore the shops and cafés in the Hayashi Department Store, 20 was built in 1932 and still has a special 1930s style. If you want to experience Tainan's rich history and lively culture, these places are a must-visit!

16. (A) painful (B) historic (C) pregnant (D) unstable  
 17. (A) in (B) as (C) until (D) since  
 18. (A) slave (B) tunnel (C) wisdom (D) concert  
 19. (A) on (B) of (C) in (D) with  
 20. (A) it (B) and (C) which (D) and which

三、文意選填：15%

(A)

(A) production	(B) unstable	(C) keep up	(D) pause	(E) related to
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Over the past three years, eggs have become more expensive. The price increase was caused by several factors that were 21 the global egg market and how eggs are produced.

The first major problem began during the COVID-19 pandemic, when it became more expensive to ship feed to chicken farms. This raised costs for farmers. In addition, during COVID-19 lockdowns, people were stuck at home. This development led to a sudden decrease in demand for eggs. Therefore, farmers scaled down their egg 22.

However, as lockdowns ended, demand rapidly returned. Meat also became more expensive, so people began buying more eggs. The supply of eggs couldn't 23 with the sudden increase in demand, so the price of eggs went up.

Then there's the avian flu. It caused chicken farms globally to close down or 24 egg production. If avian flu is found at a chicken farm, thousands of birds might be killed to stop its spread. Restocking or starting a chicken farm takes time and money, so the flu made the global supply of eggs even more 25.

(B)

(A) company	(B) attractive	(C) as long as	(D) possibilities	(E) creative
(AB) a shot	(AC) pile	(AD) scissors	(AE) on your own	(BC) painted

The 26 for upcycling are almost endless. For example, imagine a 27 of old T-shirts. Instead of throwing the shirts away, a 28 upcycler might turn them into a stylish new bag or blanket.

Used bottles can be 29 bright colors and turned into eye-catching lamps or flower pots. And old birthday cards can become 30 bookmarks. With upcycling, the only limit is your imagination.

Are you interested in giving upcycling 31 ? Like many things, upcycling is more fun with 32. Instead of figuring out where you should start 33, why not host an upcycling party with some friends? You can each bring something that you no longer want, share ideas, and work together to create some unique items.

While complex upcycling projects might require special equipment and skills, for the most basic upcycling, you need only some 34, glue, and paint. 35 you're willing to put in some time and think outside the box, you can turn your trash into all sorts of treasures!

### 三、篇章結構(請從提示語句中選出合適的句子，填入代碼)：4%

It was October 28, 1886. Even though it was a rainy day in New York City, close to a million people were out for their first look at the city's newest addition on Bedloe's Island, 36. When French sculptor Frédéric Auguste Bartholdi removed the large French flag from the front of his latest creation, the crowds cheered and the soldiers fired their guns in celebration. 37

The Statue of Liberty is a gift that France presented to America to celebrate its one hundred years of independence from Great Britain. The full height of the monument is 305 feet, and the statue itself stands 151 feet tall. When it was first created, the statue's copper surface was reddish-brown. Over time, 38.

Each part of the statue has a special meaning. In her left hand, Lady Liberty holds a giant tablet with the date "July 4, 1776" on it. It was on this day that the United States became independent, and the tablet symbolize a new and free America. A giant torch, which symbolizes that Lady Liberty lights the way to freedom, is held firmly in her right hand.

Today, the Statue of Liberty is one of America's biggest tourist attractions. 39 As always, Lady Liberty stands tall and proud. She is a symbol of hope and freedom for visitors from around the globe.

—Written by William Mannard

提示語句：

- (A) It is such a popular landmark that every visitor to New York City has heard of it and wants to pay a visit.
- (B) The grand sight before their eyes was the Statue of Liberty.
- (C) They stand for the end of slavery in the United States and symbolize freedom from unfair treatment.
- (D) which was later renamed Liberty Island.
- (E) this outer layer has been exposed to the air and oxidized so much that it has turned green.

### 四、閱讀測驗：16%

(A)

A chicken needs a diet full of nutrition to produce eggs. Chickens also need a lot of sunlight, usually 14 hours a day. If they don't get enough sunlight, they may not be able to lay eggs normally. In some regions, climate change has caused more cases of heat stress among chickens. Heat stress affects a chicken's heart and has a negative effect on a chicken's ability to mate or lay eggs. Hens start laying eggs after about 18 weeks. After one year, their egg production gradually decreases. Therefore, to ensure high production rate, farmers' chickens must be stress-free and healthy for more hens to be born.

40. What does the passage say about hens?

- (A) They need sunlight for 5 hours a day.
- (C) They don't need much nutrition.

- (B) They don't suffer from heat stress.
- (D) They lay fewer eggs as they get older.

41. What may happen if a chicken lives in a hot climate?

- (A) It will lay more eggs than usual.
- (C) It will mate multiple times a day.

- (B) It will start laying eggs before 18 weeks.
- (D) It may have numerous health problems.

42. What is the passage mainly about?

- (A) Factors that affect egg production.
- (C) Times of the year when eggs are laid.

- (B) Regions with the most chickens.
- (D) The effects of climate on different crops.

( B )

In the nineteenth century, New York City was not a pleasant place to live in. The city was a dirty, rotten mess. People did not yet have running water or toilets in their homes, so they relieved themselves in buckets. They'd then throw the waste out their windows or doors onto the street. At the same time, most people got around by using horse-drawn carts, so there was often horse waste all over the place as well.

Additionally, this was during a time before garbage trucks and trash collection systems existed, and people just threw everything out onto the street. As you can imagine, this attracted pests such as mice and rats. This, in turn, led to an explosion of diseases such as cholera and typhoid fever. The city was also very crowded, and the local groundwater was frequently polluted by all the waste. These factors made the disease risk even greater. Thankfully, the nineteenth century was also an era of major developments in medicine, including the discovery of Aspirin by a German chemist in 1897.

43. What is this passage mainly about?

- (A) An exciting, attractive city in the 19th century.
- (B) Major developments in medicine in the 19th century.
- (C) A dirty, messy city in the 19th century.
- (D) Trash collection systems in the 19th century.

44. What is NOT a cause of the explosion of cholera in New York City in the 19th century?

- (A) Human waste.
- (B) Polluted groundwater.
- (C) Horse waste.
- (D) A lack of medicine.

( C )

Have you ever been on vacation and come across the following scene: a person on the street has a beautiful parrot, a little monkey, or perhaps a cute baby animal on display? They offer to take your picture with these cute animals...for a price. Though these people might claim that the money will go toward the animal's care, nothing could be further from the truth. In fact, those animals are often treated poorly, denied food and proper care, and even given drugs to keep them sleepy and easy to handle by the tourists.

These poor animals are taken from their homes and forced to live in tiny, dirty cages. In the process, their

mothers are often killed. They are subjected to horrible and cruel conditions. When tourists choose to take photos with these animals, it creates a demand for them. This encourages these people to continue using the innocent creatures for profit. By not participating in these activities, tourists can send a powerful message that taking advantage of animals in this way is not acceptable. Instead, tourists should support wild animal reserves and animal protection programs.

45. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a horrible treatment of animals?

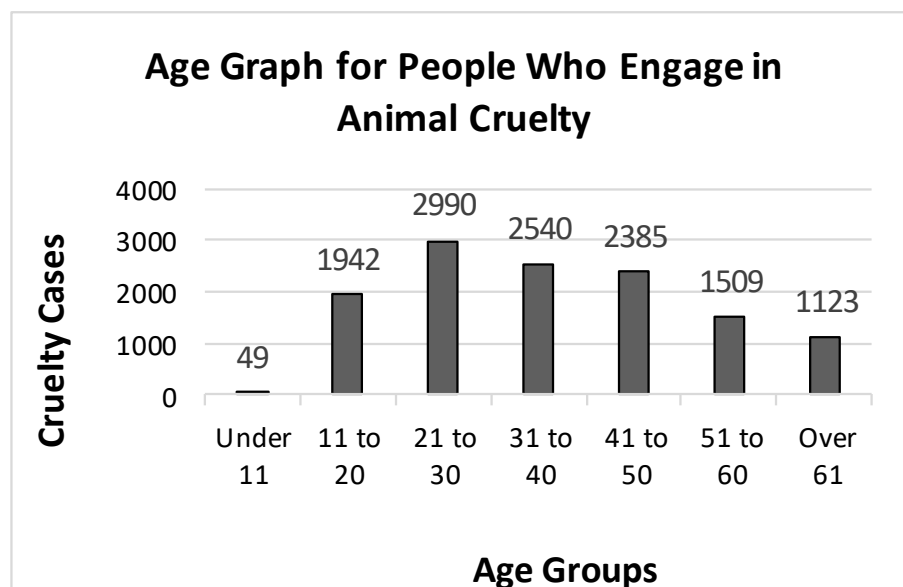
- (A) They don't have enough food. (B) They are forced to leave their homes.  
(C) They are controlled by drugs. (D) They are sold to tourists for a low price.

46. What can we infer from the passage?

- (A) The author has witnessed animals being taken from their homes.  
(B) The author thinks tourists are to blame for animal abuse.  
(C) The author is against tourists taking pictures with animals.  
(D) The author thinks some animal reserves are taking advantage of animals.

47. Which of the following does the chart show?

- (A) Children under 11 are the cruelest group to animals.  
(B) People tend to treat animals worse as they grow older.  
(C) People over the age of 61 make up the second-lowest animal cruelty age group.  
(D) People aged between 41 and 50 are responsible for most animal cruelty cases.



六、文意字彙：20%，答案請寫在答案卷上

48. This bus is c\_\_\_\_\_ded with people. Let's wait for the next one.

49. This is a big project. It will take more than one month to a\_\_\_\_\_h it.

50. Patrick did very well on the exam, so his father bought him a new computer as a r\_\_\_\_\_d.

51. Mary was disgusted with her boyfriend's b\_\_\_\_\_r at the party, and she broke up with him the next day.

52. This machine is designed to d\_\_\_\_\_t the presence of smoke in a room. If something is burning, the alarm will go off right away.

53. Mothers are very s\_\_\_\_\_e to their babies' needs. They often know what their babies want just by the way they cry.
54. The famous actor was s\_\_\_\_\_ded by a group of fans when he arrived at the airport.
55. It is a good time to buy this apartment. The price is low, and the \_\_\_\_\_ (locate) is great.
56. Joseph couldn't even look at you when he told you what had happened. It was \_\_\_\_\_ (obviously) that he was lying.
57. Be sure to apply sunscreen before going out. Too much \_\_\_\_\_ (expose) to direct sunlight may cause skin cancer.

七、句型：10%，答案請寫在答案卷上

58. (請以使役動詞 **have** 改寫句子)

The teacher asks his students to do 20 jumping jacks every morning.

59. (請以 **because of** 合併句子)

{ The flight was delayed.  
There were poor weather conditions.

60. (請以...N+ **who(m)/which/that....**或...N, + **who(m)/which....**合併句子)

{ The thief stole my wallet.  
The thief has not been caught by the police.

61. (請以...N+ **who(m)/which/that....**或...N, + **who(m)/which....**合併句子)

{ Ed Sheeran is a pop singer from the U.K.  
Ed Sheeran just put out his latest album.

62. (請以...**such...that...**合併句子)

{ It is a very popular restaurant.  
There is always a long line at lunchtime.

八、翻譯：15%，答案請寫在答案卷上( 60~62題每格1分，63~64題每題4分 )

63. Tom 在去圖書館的路上遇到他的班導師。

Tom \_\_\_\_\_ his homeroom teacher on his way to the library.

64. Jessie 花了一小時打包她的東西。

It took Jessie an hour to \_\_\_\_\_ her things \_\_\_\_\_.

65. 這個球隊在兩分鐘內兩次射門得分，突然之間，他們在最後一刻逆轉勝。

This team scored two goals in two minutes, and \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_, they turn the game around at the last minute.

66. Jack真的很累，所以他要在晚餐前先去躺下休息一陣子。(4%)

67. 我們每一個人可以藉由使用較少紙張來拯救自然環境。(4%)

作答方式：■答案卡 ■答案卷

適用班級：101~108 班

班級：\_\_\_\_\_ 座號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_ 得分：\_\_\_\_\_

四、文意字彙：20%

48. crowded 49. accomplish 50. reward 51. behavior 52. detect

53. sensitive 54. surrounded 55. location 56. obvious 57. exposure

五、句型：10%

58. The teacher has his students do 20 jumping jacks every morning.

59. The flight was delayed because of poor weather conditions.

60. The thief who stole my wallet has not been caught by the police.

61. Ed Sheeran, who is a pop singer from the U.K., just put out his latest album.

62. It is such a popular restaurant that there is always a long line at lunchtime.

選擇題答案

六、翻譯：15%

63. came across 1. ACBCB ACDDA 11.DAACD BDCAC

64. pack up 21.EACDB 26.D 27.AC 28.E 29.BC 30.B 31.AB

65. all of sudden 32.A 33.AE 34.AD 35.C 36.DBEA (以上每題 1 分)

66. Jack is really tired, so he is going to lie down for a while before dinner. (4%) 40.DDACD 45.DCC (每題 2 分)

67. Each of us can save the environment by using less paper. (4%)