國立台東高級中學 113 學年度 高一英文科考卷 113.10.09 第一學期

通用:	班級:101~108		畫卡 吳	E	杏□
I.	綜合測驗:249	6(每題1分)			
第一篇	第				
На	ave you ever thought a	about all the first times yo	u will experience in l	ife? Join us and o	enjoy(1) from three young
people	about some of theirs.	•	-		
First, R	obbie:				
'd like	to talk about when I h	ad online classes for the fir	st time. They had som	ne good points wh	en they were compared with <u>(2)</u>
classes.	I liked wearing pajan	nas during lessons, and the	re were some funny n	noments. Once, or	ur teacher put a filter on her video
and <u>(</u>	3) like an alien. Still,	if I could choose, I'd go to	school for class in p	erson_instead of s	tudying online.
Next, C	Claire:				
l have t	to tell you about my fi	irst big mistake in school.	I <u>(4)</u> my grouj	o <u>(4)</u> on a	big project because I didn't work
nard en	ough. I5 _ some n	neetings, so I didn't unders	stand our project. I ma	ade several mistal	xes when I talked in front of
he stud	lents.				
Finally	, Nancy:				
l had a	great first foreign adv	renture in Seoul, South Kor	rea. I've always loved	l Korean things _	(7). Korean barbecue and K
pop. I v	vas <u>(8)</u> just	walking around Seoul wh	en I felt that I was sur	rounded by thing	s that I enjoy.
	•	ime experiences lately?			
		(B) in hearing	(C) hearing	_	(D) hear
	, ,	(B) traditional(B) tasted	(C) fortunate (C) smelled	2	(D) memorable(D) looked
	, ,	(B) put; first	(C) took; ser	riously	(D) dressed; up
	1 /	(B) presented	(C) skipped	_	(D) upset
		(B) a few	(C) the part	of	(D) the rest of
	, ,	(B) like (B) excited	(C) such (C) exciteme	enf	(D) too (D) excite
第二篇		(B) energe	(c) enercons		(2) enerce
Dear Jo					
This is	n't easy to say, but I'm	n leaving you. Our relation	ship has been good, b	out I'm(9) it'	s over. Leaving you(10) my
neart b	ecause we've had suc	h good times together. W	nen you're around, I a	always have(12	1) to do. I can ask you
=		_(12) the answer. You've		· ·	_
	· -	otally different(13) yo	-	•	
_	•			· -	re getting worse. Also, I always
	-	•	-		(14) attention to you. What if
=	· — · · —	love that you are always I		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
		nally. You're wonderful, ar			
my stud	dies and spend more t	time with my friends. I hop	e you understand. Fo	or the last time, go	oodbye!
Sincere	ly,				
Sally) 0 (A) ccared	(P) torrified	(C) afraid	(D) frighton	ad
() 9. (A) scared	(B) terrified	(C) afraid	(D) frighten	ed
() 10. (A) break	(B) breaks	(C) breaking	(D) broken	
() 11. (A) a lot of	(B) little	(C) anything	(D) somethi	ng
() 12.(A) find	(B) to finding	(C) finds	(D) found	
() 13.(A) although	(B) unless	(C) since	(D) if	
() 14.(A) paying	(B) to pay	(C) not pay	(D) for payir	ng
() 15.(A) to invite	(B) and invite	(C) inviting	(D) invite	-
() 16.(A) take serio		(C) focus on	(D) hang ou	t
`	, , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• •	. ,	

高一英文1

	Are you ready for some wild	and wonderful facts al	bout animal sleep? Let's	dive in! Did you know that giraffes sle	ep for
only	about thirty minutes a day?	When they sleep, they	curl* their long necks an	nd(17) their heads on their	hips.
<u>(18)</u>	ر they can't stand up from th	is position quickly, so	they don't sleep for very	long. By contrast, sea otters <u>(19)</u>	_ for
thei	adorable sleeping position.	They float on their bac	ks in the water, clenching	g* one another's hands <u>(20)</u>	not
		-	· -	nabit: only half of their brain sleeps at	
		·		d also keeps them alert in case of dan	_
		-	the air! These tiny birds	can keep (22) for up to two hu	ndred
days	at a time, sleeping in short b			harin annala anna anna dha dha an	
of a			· -	brain awake, every creature has its ov	-
	designed to help the animal		nibers of the animal king	dom have many different sleeping hal	DILS,
	curl 蜷曲 clench 緊握 drift 漂流	•			
() 17. (A) lie	(B) lain	(C) lay	(D) laid	
() 18. (A) However	(B) Moreover	(C) Instead	(D) Afterward	
() 19. (A) know	(B) knew	(C) are known	(D) known	
() 20. (A) so / that	(B) such / as	(C) keep / from	(D) so as / to	
() 21. (A) awake	(B) breathe	(C) vary	(D) reply	
() 22. (A) fly	(B) to fly	(C) flown	(D) flying	
() 23. (A) rested	(B) resting	(C) rests	(D) rest	
() 24. (A) although	(B) because	(C) after	(D) while	
II.	文意選填: 10% (每題1分)			
•			oopular way is (25)	manicures. Nail art is more th	nan iust a
mod			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ils for thousands of years. The earlies	-
	ail art are associated with			(29) to paint their nails l	
gree	n before going to war.				
	Assistant Esperiture and detail		(- 7000	20)	-11-
£		_	•	with black paint on their n	
	•			so paint her nails. Queen Cleopatra, a oman caught painting her nails the sa	_
	put to Th				Title Color
was	, to <u>(33) </u>	13 3110 W3 <u>(34)</u>		ing was in ancient Egypt.	
(A)	status (B) ancient	(C) known	(D)trend	(E)figure	
(Al	B)death (AC)through	(AD)how	(AE)mummies	(BC)decorating	

III. 閱讀測驗: 12%(每題2分)

第一篇

During her long career, Taylor Swift has had an impact on everything from education to business. Recently, Harvard University introduced a course that studies the words in Swift's songs. This shows her effect on modern culture. For many years, Swift has been an activist. She has encouraged young people to become more aware of governments and their policies. Moreover, she has given money to groups like UNICEF and the Red Cross. She even gave \$4 million to the Country Music Hall of Fame and Museum to build an education center. Swift also fought for control of her songs rather than letting others have the rights to them.

- () 35. What has Swift encouraged people to do?
 - (A) Attend her course at Harvard.
- (B) Be more interested in political issues.
- (C) Construct more local museums.
- (D) Learn languages at her education center.

- () 3 6. Which statement about Swift is NOT true?
 - (A) She is an important writer.
- (B) She is generous with her money.
- (C) She is a busy politician.
- (D) She is a good UNICEF employee.
- () 37. What can we say about Swift, based on the passage?
 - (A) She doesn't manage her career well.
- (B) She helped to establish the Red Cross.
- (C) She suffers from mental disorders.
- (D) She is more than just a musician.

第二篇

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In English, there are many expressions or sayings that are related to animals and sleep.

If you have a cat at home, you probably know that cats are not deep sleepers. Actually, even though cats sleep for fifteen to twenty hours a day, they only sleep deeply for around five minutes at a time, with the rest of the time being spent on light sleeping. This might be why a common expression for a light sleep is a "catnap."

Like the cat, which sleeps much of the day and hunts at night, the owl is also nocturnal. When people act like owls and like to stay up late reading books, studying, or even cleaning the house, they are called "night owls."

In contrast to owls, some birds are up at dawn and are out singing and finding food in the early morning. These birds are seen as hardworking, thus the saying "the early bird catches the worm" was coined. It suggests that a person who does something early or before other people is more likely to be successful.

Lastly, you may have noticed that if you trip over your dog that is sleeping peacefully on the floor, he might bite you. Because of this, it's best to "let sleeping dogs lie." This is a saying that means to ignore a problem so as not to cause any trouble.

All of these animal expressions are used in everyday English, and they bring color and life to the language.

-) 38. What is this passage mainly about?
 - (A) The relationship between animals and native English speakers.
 - (B) The influence of good sleep on the growth and health of animals.
 - (C) The importance of understanding the origins of English expressions.
 - (D) Some expressions that are related to animals' sleeping habits.
 -) 39. According to the passage, what is special about "night owls"?
 - (A) They may be very active late into the night.
 - (B) They may sleep deeply for only five minutes at night.
 - (C) They may get angry at those who wake them up at night.
 - (D) They may get job offers easily because they stay awake very late.
-) 40. In which of the following situations would you say "let sleeping dogs lie" to your best friend?
 - (A) When he is going to help you with a difficult math problem.
 - (B) When he is going to complain to his boss about his workload.
 - (C) When he is going to the library to study for an upcoming test.
 - (D) When he is going to work on a new project just assigned to him.

IV. 混合題: 8%(每題 2 分)

English is quite a strange language, especially when it comes to the names of things. For example, though the fruit is called a pineapple, it contains neither pine nor apple. Things get even stranger when it comes to the names of popular snacks and dishes. In Taiwan, for example, there are no dead people in coffin bread or any animal parts in cow's tongue cookies. It's not something limited to Taiwan, though. In the UK, there's a dish called a Welsh rabbit. However, no rabbits are harmed in the making of this dish, and it likely doesn't even come from Wales! Rather, it's a simple dish of toast that's been topped with melted cheese, sauces, spices, or even beer. How did the name come about, though? Some think that it was probably a joke designed to make fun of the Welsh by suggesting they were too poor to eat real rabbit meat.

- () 41. What is the main idea of the passage? (6%)
 - (A) The English language is difficult to learn.
 - (B) Different countries have different traditions.
 - (C) Names of foods can be strange or humorous.
 - (D) Cheese toast from Wales is a popular dish in the UK.
- () 42. What is one example of a strange food name mentioned in the passage? (7%)
 - (A) Italian pizza with traditional toppings.

- (B) French rabbit bread filled with chocolate.
- (C) British tea served with Welsh scones and jam.
- (D) Taiwan's coffin bread and cow's tongue cookies.

43. 請根據選文內容,從中選出適當的	單詞(word),填入下面兩個空格,並視語法需要作適當的字形變化,使句子
語意完整、語法正確,且符合全文文章 Some people believe that the original tothey were too poor to V. 文意字彙:28%(每題2分)	n of the name "Welsh rabbit" comes from a aimed at mocking the Welsl
44.Don't tell me the ending of the story!	It will <u>r</u> n the fun of reading it.
45.I remember seeing that woman, but I j 46.The speech was a total fe beca 47.When a bottle of soda is opened, the b	
49.The two friends' first meeting was a_50.The outcome of the game left the fans 51.Kelly took a deep b_h, trying to 52.On a_e, only about half the students 53.In order to ad getting stuck in	feeling ut and disappointed. calm her racing heart as she stepped onto the stage for her performance. who take this course can pass the exam. a traffic jam, the Lins go to work early in the morning.
55.Alice fell into a deep (depress 56.It was quite (embarrass) for Peter	
<u> </u>	e) as they watched the self-driving car going past.
VI. 句型改寫:8% (每題2分 58. [Jane was surprised.	>)
Jane scored 95 on the difficult exam	a. (請以 S + V + that + S + V 合併句子。)
59. In her lovely new dress, Lisa looks b	
61. Where is the post office?	
Do you know	
VII. 引導式翻譯:10% (62	~63 題每格 1 分,64~65 每題 3 分)
62. 今天我們經理無法親自出席會議。 Our manager could not attend the 63. 根據這名氣象預報員,這週其他經 the weath	<u> </u>
week.	
64. 做你自己就好。别太認真看待別人	的評價。

- 65. 很不幸地,多達五十人死於這次空難。

國立台東高級 113 學年度高一英文科考 113.10.09 第一學期

		班級:	座號:	姓名:	
IV.	混合題: 4%(每題	(2分)			
43.	joke	sugget			

V. 文意字彙:28%(每題2分)

44. ruin	45. recall	46. failure	47. surface	48. journey
49. accidental	50. upset	51. breath	52. average	53. avoid
54. reminded	55. depression	56. embarrassing	57. amazement	

VII. 句型改寫:8% (每題2分)

- 58. Jane was surprised that she scored 95on the difficult exam.
- 59. looks like a
- 60. when Michael Jackson died
- 61. where the post office is

VII. 引導式翻譯:10% (62~63 題每格1分,64~65 每題3分)

- 62. in person
- 63. According to
- 64. Just be yourself. Don't take others' comments too seriously.
- 65. Unfortunately, up to fifty people died in the air crash.

選擇題答案

 1~5
 C B D A C
 6~10
 D B B C B

 11~15
 D A C A C
 16~20
 C C B C D

 21~25
 B D B D(AC)
 26~30
 D(BC)B C(AE)

 31~35
 E A(AB)(AD)B
 36~D